--Claim 128. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a variable light (VL) domain having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 129. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a variable heavy (VH) domain having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 130. The method of claim 128, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH domain having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:48.

Claim 131. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VH complementarity determining region (CDR) 1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 132. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 19, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 133. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 134. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 39, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.—

137. (New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

138. (New) The method of claim 137, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

139. (New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

1) 5
1,40. (New) The method of claim 132, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL
CDR 1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

12/1/21. (New) The method of claim 13/2, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

142. (New) The method of claim 132, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

143. (New) The method of claim 133; wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

144. (New) The method of claim 133, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

145. (New) The method of claim 123, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3, having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO.6.

17 146. (New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19. (New) The method of claim 13Å, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20. (New) The method of claim 132, wherein the antibody further comprises a 148. VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39. 28 (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

31	w
1,60.	(New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL
CDR2 having	g an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.
32	. 20
161.	(New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL
CDR3 having	g an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.
33	7
1,62.	(New) The method of claim 134, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL
CDR2 having	g an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.
0	34
01: 16	7 3. The method of claim 134, wherein the antibody further comprising a VL
Claim 16	3. The method of claim 1,34, wherein the antibody further comprising a VL
CDR3 having an a	mino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6
35	23
165.	(New) The method of claim 1,62, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL
CDR3 having	g an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.
36	33
1,66.	(New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a
VH CDR1 h	aving an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.
37	(New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a
167.	(New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a
VH CDR2 h	aving an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19.
-0	99
38	53
1,68.	(New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a
VH CDR3 hav	ving an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20.
.33	(New) The method of claim 163, wherein the antibody further comprises a
	•
VH CDR1 hav	ving an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.
46	(New) The method of claim 1,63, wherein the antibody further comprises a
1/0.	(New) The method of claim 305, wherein the antibody further comprises a

171. (New) The method of claim 163, wherein the antibody further comprises a

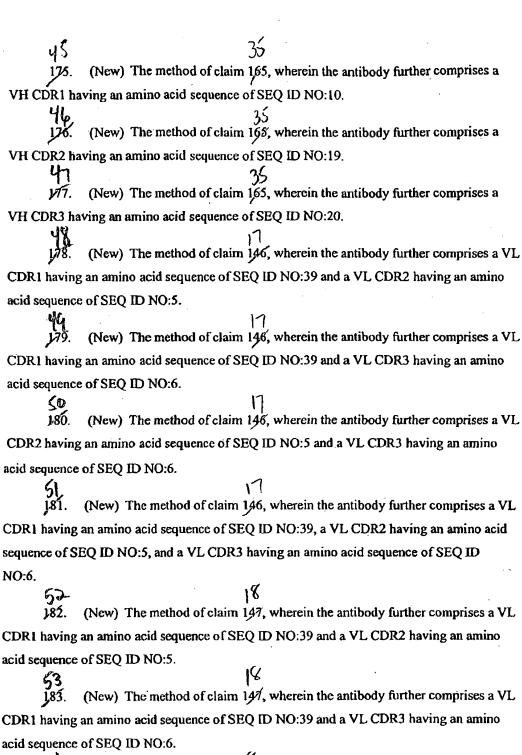
VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19.

VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20.

--Claim 172. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5, a VLCDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6, and a VH CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 173. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5, a VLCDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6, and a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 19, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 174. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5, a VLCDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6, and a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.--



(New) The method of claim 141, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR3 having an amino

าซ (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.



185. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39, a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5, and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

186. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

187. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

188. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

189. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39, a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5, and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

190. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

191. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

192. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

193. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39, a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5, and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

(New) The method of any one of claims 128, 129, 130 or 131-134 further comprising administering to the mammal hormonal therapy, immunotherapy or an anti-inflammatory agent.

disease, congenital immunodeficiency or acquired immunodeficiency.